

Los pronombres

Le, Les

Pronouns
Telling what you do for others

Direct Objects

Definición

- A direct object tells who or what receives the action of the verb.
 - **Ejemplo**
 - Di el cuadro
 - I gave the painting
- You can find the direct object (D.O.) by asking yourself this question:
 - What did I give? I gave the painting.

Indirect Objects

Definición

- An indirect object tells who receives the direct object. It tells “to whom” or “for whom” the action of the verb is done.
 - **Ejemplo**
 - Le di el cuadro a Mateo.
 - I gave the painting to Mateo.
- You can find the indirect object (I.O.) by asking yourself this question:
 - To whom did I give the painting? To Mateo.

Direct/Indirect Objects

What is the direct object? Indirect?

- Ella le dio las entradas a Marta.
- She gave the tickets to Marta.
 - Subject: Ella
 - Verb: dio
 - Direct Object: las entradas (what she gave)
 - Indirect Object: Marta (who she gave them to)
- ¿Mandaste la estatua al museo?
- Direct Object: La estatua - (what you sent)
- Indirect Object: Al museo - (who you sent to)

Indirect Object Pronouns

Indirect Object Pronouns

Singular	Plural
Le – to it, to him, to her, to you (masculine & feminine)	Les – to them, to you all (masculine & feminine)

Indirect Object Pronouns

Indirect Object Pronouns

Singular	Plural
Me – to me	Nos – to us
Te – to you	Os – to you all
Le – to him/her/you	Les – to them/you all

Using Pronouns

- *Ella le dio el cuadro a Marco*
- **Indirect Object:** Marco (masculine singular)
- **Use:** le
- *Ella le dio el cuadro.*

- *Yo le lancé la pelota a Cecilia.*
- **Indirect Object:** Cecilia
- **Use:** le (feminine singular)
- *Yo le lancé la pelota.*

Using Pronouns

- You need both the le/les and the indirect object!
- *Or*
- You need just the le/les.
- Put the le/les before the verb.

- Les dimos los boletos a ellos.
- Les dimos los boletos.