Nombre: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Bloque: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Fecha: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Capítulo 5 – Ser vs Estar**

**Ser vs Estar - Overview:**

* + - Ser and Estar mean “to be” in English.
		- But, there are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between the uses of the two verbs.
		- They are not interchangeable!

**Ser – Conjugations + Uses:**

**Ser – To be:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Singular** | **Plural** |
| Yo |  .I am | Nosotros/Nosotras | somos .We are |
| Tú |  .You are | Vosotros/Vosotras | sois .You all are |
| Ud./Él/Ella | es .You are*,* He/she is | Uds./Ellos/Ellas |  .You all are, They are |

**1. Description of physical or personality traits**

* Ser is used to express an inherent trait or characteristic.
* Description:
	+ Los estudiantes **son** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
	+ El chico **es** alto y serio.
	+ El \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **es** grande.

**2. To indicate origin:**

* To say where someone or something is from originally.
* **Soy** de Barcelona.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ de Cuba.

**3. To give time and dates:**

* Hoy **es** el 23 de \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Es martes.
* **Son** las once y media de la \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Estar – Conjugations & Uses**

**Estar – To be:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Singular** | **Plural** |
| Yo |  .I am | Nosotros/Nosotras | estamos .We are |
| Tú |  .You are | Vosotros/Vosotras | estáis .You all are |
| Ud./Él/Ella | está .You are*,* He/she is | Uds./Ellos/Ellas |  .You all are, They are |

**1. To indicate location**

* ESTAR is used to express where someone/something is located at the moment.
* Translate ESTAR as “to be located”
* Barcelona **está** en \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* El \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **está** dentro del cuarto.
* **Estoy** en la \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**2. To describe conditions/feelings:**

* Estar is used to express a condition, feeling or temporary state.
* Translate estar as “to feel” or “to look”
* ¿Cómo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? **Estoy** bien.
* **Estamos** contentos. *We are/feel happy.*
* **Estás** enfermos. *You are/feel sick.*

**Summary & Tricks to Remember**

**ESTAR:**

* Estar is best translated as:

“To look”

“To feel”

“To be located”

* How you feel and where you are, that is when you use Estar.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to describe people or things. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used for location or feeling.

**Prueba de práctica:**

**1.** Yo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ baja y atlética. (Description)

**2.** La sala \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cerca de la cocina. (Location)

**3.** Tú \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ de California. (Origin)

**4.** Los estudiantes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ en la cafetería. (Location)

**5.** ¿Cómo estás? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bien. (Feeling)